

Fundamental Notions in Algebra – Exercise. 13

1. Let G be a finite group.
 - (a) For a representation $\rho : G \rightarrow \text{Aut}_{\mathbb{C}}(V)$ denote by $\check{\rho} : G \rightarrow \text{Aut}(V)$ the contragredient representation $\check{\rho}(g)(f)(v) := f(\rho(g^{-1})(v))$. Describe character $\chi_{\check{\rho}}$ in terms of χ_{ρ} .
 - (b) Let ρ be the representation of $G \times G$ on the space $\mathbb{C}[G]$ given by the rule $(g_1, g_2)(\sum_{h \in G} a_h h) := \sum_{h \in G} a_h g_1 h (g_2)^{-1}$. Show that ρ decomposes as a direct sum $\rho \cong \oplus_{\rho_i \in \text{Irr}(G)} [\rho_i \boxtimes \check{\rho}_i]$.
 - (c) Let ρ be the representation of G on the space $\mathbb{C}[G]$ given by the rule $g_1(\sum_{h \in G} a_h h) := \sum_{h \in G} a_h g h g^{-1}$. Show that $\chi_{\rho}(g) = |\text{Cent}_G(g)|$ for each $g \in G$.
 - (d) Show that for each $g \in G$, we have $|\text{Cent}_G(g)| = \sum_{\rho_i \in \text{Irr}(G)} |\chi_{\rho_i}(g)|^2$.
2. Let $A = (\chi_i(g_j))_{i,j=1}^r$ be the character table of a finite group G , whose rows are indexed by characters $\chi_i = \chi_{\rho_i}$ of irreducible representations of G , and columns are indexed by representatives g_j of conjugacy classes of G . The goal of this question is to show that many properties of G can be obtained from its character table.
 - (a) Determine which column of A corresponds to the conjugacy class of 1. (Hint: Show that $|\chi_{\rho}(g)| \leq \chi_{\rho}(1)$ for all g and ρ and that $\chi_{\rho}(g) = \chi_{\rho}(1)$ if and only if $g \in \text{Ker}\rho$.)
 - (b) Determine from A dimensions of each ρ_i and the cardinality of G .
 - (c) Determine from A the cardinality of the conjugacy class of each g_j . (Hint: use question 1).
 - (d) Determine from A all normal subgroups of G . (Here and below to describe a normal subgroup means to present it as a union of conjugacy classes of G).
 - (e) For each normal subgroup N of G , give an algorithm how to construct from A the character table of the quotient group G/N . (Hint: Show that $\text{Irr}(G/N)$ can be identified with the set of $\rho \in \text{Irr}(G)$ such that $N \subset \text{Ker}\rho$).
 - (f) Determine from A the commutator subgroup (G, G) of G .
 - (g) Determine from A the center $Z(G)$ of G (together the group structure!).
 - (h) Determine from A whether G is abelian, simple, nilpotent.
3. Let $\rho : G \rightarrow \text{Aut}_{\mathbb{C}}(V)$ be an irreducible representation. Show that $\dim V$ divides $[G : Z(G)]$. Hint:
 - (a) Consider the representation $\rho^{\boxtimes n} : G^n \rightarrow \text{Aut}_{\mathbb{C}}(V^{\boxtimes n})$ (the exterior n -th power of ρ). Show that $\rho^{\boxtimes n}$ is irreducible and that the subgroup $H = \{(z_1, \dots, z_n) \in Z(G)^n \mid z_1 \cdots z_n = 1\}$ acts trivially on $V^{\boxtimes n}$.
 - (b) Deduce that $(\dim V)^n$ divides $|G|^n / |Z(G)|^{n-1}$.
 - (c) Conclude from this that $\dim V$ divides $[G : Z(G)]$.